Informal Functional Hearing Evaluation: A tool for the whole team!

1. Presenter

Kaycee Bennett, M.Ed. Deafblind Education Consultant Texas Deafblind Project, TSBVI Outreach bennettk@tsbvi.edu

- 2. What is "functional hearing"?
- 3. What does "deafblind" include? (image of a continuum with the y-axis having typical vision at the top, down to blind and then CVI at the bottom, and the x-axis having typical hearing at the left, over to profoundly Deaf and then Auditory Neuropathy on the right. Everything overlapping outside of the two "typical" columns are shaded indicating deafblind)
- 4. If the children are deafblind, then why consider functional hearing?
- 5. Hierarchy
 - a. Detection- I hear it
 - b. Discrimination- those sounds are different
- 6. Where do I Find that Information?
 - a. Detection (Audiogram)
 - b. Discrimination (on the eligibility form and/or report IF you get it)
- 7. Hierarchy of Hearing
 - a. Identification- I know what that sound is...
 - b. Comprehension- I know what that sound means...
- 8. And Then...After Detection, Discrimination, Identification and Comprehension, we begin to address Utilization
- 9. Utilization of Environmental Sound
 - a. Localization
 - i. Where is that sound moving?
 - ii. Which direction and how quickly?
 - b. Estimation
 - i. How far away is that sound?
 - ii. When will it arrive where I am?
- 10. Utilization of Environmental Sound
 - a. Echolocation (reflected sound)
 - i. Passive
 - ii. Active
 - b. Orientation

- i. Spatial updating
- ii. Planning Travel
- iii. Maintaining Travel
- 11. Which Specialists are Involved?
 - a. Educational Audiologist
 - b. Family
 - c. Teacher of the Deaf/Hard of Hearing
 - d. Speech Language Pathologist
 - e. Teacher of Students who are Deafblind
 - f. Intervener
 - g. Orientation and Mobility Specialist
 - h. Teacher of Students with Visual Impairments
 - i. Classroom Teacher
- 12. Informal Functional Hearing Evaluation (IFHE)
- 13. What is the IFHE?
 - a. An informal evaluation tool for evaluating functional hearing in children and young adults who are deafblind.
 - b. The purpose is to determine the impact of a potential hearing loss on educational performance.
- 14. What makes the IFHE unique?
 - a. There are MANY functional hearing evaluations, but the IFHE is unique in that it does not require formal language or formal responses.
 - b. Most measure use of speech, IFHE measures many different sound sources.
- 15. What are the components of the IFHE?
 - a. Interview
 - i. Family members
 - ii. School staff who know the student well
 - iii. Medical professionals
 - b. Observation Checklist (normally led by the TDHH)
 - c. Summarizing all data
- 16. Where to Find the IFHE
 - a. Texas Deafblind Project Website (txdeafblindproject.org)
 - b. Products
 - c. Books, Publications and Newsletters
 - d. <u>https://www.nationaldb.org/media/doc/IFHEFunctionalEvaluation_ae.</u> pdf
- 17. What to do with this information
- 18. These results can go into your O&M Evaluation, in the TDHH's Communication

evaluation, can help drive the LMA decisions, and can be helpful to the audiologist.

- a. Can go into PLAAFP, accommodation, drive goals, and help the team create meaningful instruction
- 19. Why is this valuable information?
 - a. Why do you think information regarding your student's functional hearing would be helpful to you (and other teammates) who are not Teachers of the Deaf/HH?
- 20. Other Resources
 - a. Sound Travels
 - b. Texas Deafblind Project website
- 21. Contact information
 - a. <u>bennettk@tsbvi.edu</u>
 - b. txdeafblindproject@tsbvi.edu